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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/931,590	08/16/2001	Scott G. Newnam	109.779.134	2417
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,			2157	

DATE MAILED: 05/15/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/931,590	NEWNAM ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
	·	Uzma Alam	2157			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication a					
Period for Reply						
WHICH - Extens after S - If NO p - Failure Any re	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 (x) (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. I leriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuply received by the Office later than three months after the mail patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 March 2006.					
2a) <u> </u>	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
-	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
C	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositio	n of Claims					
5)□ (6)⊠ (7)□ (Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdred Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
10)⊠ T ,	he specification is objected to by the Examinate he drawing(s) filed on 16 August 2001 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct he oath or declaration is objected to by the I	e: a) accepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ection is required if the drawing(s) is objection	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice 3) Information	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da				

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DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to the request for continued examination filed on March 7, 2006. Claims 1-27 are pending. Claims 1-27 represent an interactive storage device storing broadcasted events.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 3-9, 11-13, and 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shintani et al. US Patent Publication No. 2002/0124249. Shintani et al. teaches the invention as claimed including an interactive distance learning system (see abstract).

As per claims 1 and 13, Shintani et al. teaches a method and system for enhancing content during a broadcast event for remote viewers having a local storage device for storing the broadcast event and playing back the broadcast event, the method comprising:

the local storage device storing the broadcast event as it is being broadcast (a local set top box such as personal video recorder, 0022-0023, 0049);

a personal interactivity recorder (PIR) receiving and storing interactive content from a server system separately from the broadcast of the broadcast event and therefore not embedded in the broadcast event signal, the interactive content being related to the broadcast event and the PIR temporally associating the interactive content with the broadcast event (advertisements sent and stored is merged with the broadcasted content; 0026, 0046-0048);

playing back the broadcast event from storage such that when the broadcast event is played back from storage, the PIR provides to the user the interactive content at times during the stored broadcast event when such interactive content would have been displayed when the event was being broadcast (the advertisement is played back with the recorded content in the same place that original ads from the content provider were played; pp 0049-0051).

As per claims 3 and 15, Shintani et al. teaches the method and system of claims 1 and 13, wherein the temporal associating includes using one or more of absolute time codes, relative time codes, and frame sequence numbers (pp 0054-0055).

As per claims 6 and 19, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the interactive content and video broadcast event are stored on the same medium (pp 0022, 0023, 0049).

As per claim 7, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the PIR uses the processing and storing functionality of the local storage device (pp 0022-0023, 0049).

As per claim 8, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claim 7, wherein the local storage device includes a hard drive (pp 0022-0023, 0049).

As per claim 9, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the local storage device includes a hard drive (pp 0022-0023, 0049).

As per claim 11, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claim 1, where in the broadcast event and interactive content are sent over different channels of transmission (pp 0026, pp 0050).

As per claim 12, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the PIR includes processing and storage (pp 0022-0023, 0049).

As per claims 20 and 24, Shintani et al. teaches the method and system of claims 1 and 13, wherein the broadcast is received from a head-end facility separate from the server system (pp 0026, pp 0049-0050).

As per claims 21 and 25, Shintani et al. teaches the method and system of claims 1 and 13, wherein, during playback, the server system interacts with the user such that the user receives responses from the server in response to input from the user (pp 0049-0051).

As per claims 23 and 7, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claims 1 and 13, wherein the PIR receives programming by downloading or flashing (pp 0022-0023, pp 0049-0050).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically teachd or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shintani et al. et al. in view of Dunn et al. US Patent No. 5,517,257. Shintani et al. teaches the method and system of claims 1 and 13 including the PIR having the functionality of a VCR and set top box. See claims paragraphs 0022-0023 and 0050. Shintani et al. does not expressly teach wherein the local storage device includes functionality for fast forward, rewind, and pause functions. Dunn teaches the local storage device includes functionally for fast forward, rewind, and pause functions. See column 5, lines 39-60. However, the concept and advantages of fast forward, rewind and pause functions is old and well known in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the VCR and set top box function of Shintani et al. with fast forward, rewind and pause functions. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to allow the user to view the event conveniently.

Claims 4, 5, 16-18, 22 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shintani et al. US Patent Publication No. 2002/0124249 in view of Schoff et al. US Patent Publication No. 2001/0001160.

As per claims 4 and 16 and 17, Shintani et al. teaches the method ands system of claims 1 and 13 wherein the PIR has two way communication with the head end system (pp 0032). Shintani does not teach wherein the interactive content includes trivia questions, the user has an input device for entering an answer, and the PIR stores the correct answer and provides to the user an indication of a correct or incorrect answer after the user enters an answer to a question.

Schoff teaches wherein the interactive content includes trivia questions, the user has an input device for entering an answer, and the PIR stores the correct answer and provides to the user an indication of a correct or incorrect answer after the user enters an answer to a question. See paragraph 0032, 0035, 0074.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the interactivity of Schoff with the two way communication of Shintani. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to enhance the client's viewing ability and provide personal services to the user (Shintani pp 0032-0034).

As per claims 5 and 18, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claims 1 and 13, wherein the PIR has two way communication with the head end system (pp 0032). Shintani does not teach wherein interactive content includes poll questions, the PIR storing poll results, the user has an input device for entering a response, and the PIR provides poll results after the user enters a

response to the poll question. Schoff teaches wherein interactive content includes poll questions, the PIR storing poll results, the user has an input device for entering a response, and the PIR provides poll results after the user enters a response to the poll question. See paragraph 0032, 0035, 0074.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the interactivity of Schoff with the two way communication of Shintani. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to enhance the client's viewing ability and provide personal services to the user (Shintani pp 0032-0034).

As per claims 22 and 26, Shintani et al. teaches the method of claims 21 and 25 wherein the PIR has two way communication with the head end system (pp 0032). Shintani does not teach wherein the user receives a prompt to enter a poll response and the server system is responsive to the poll response when the poll response is entered at a time other than during the line broadcast. Schoff teaches wherein the user receives a prompt to enter a poll response and the server system is responsive to the poll response when the poll response is entered at a time other than during the line broadcast. See paragraph 0032, 0035, 0074.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the interactivity of Schoff with the two way communication of Shintani. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to enhance the client's viewing ability and provide personal services to the user (Shintani pp 0032-0034).

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Shintani et al. et al. US Patent No. 2002/0124249 in view of Bolnick et al. US Patent Publication No. 2002/0023230.

Shintani et al. teaches the method of claim 1. Shintani et al. does not teach wherein the PIR stores and plays back messages sent by other viewers using a chat functionality during the broadcast event. Bolnick teaches wherein the PIR stores and plays back messages sent by other viewers using a chat functionality during the broadcast event. See paragraph 0034 and claim 12. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the chat functionality of Bolnick with the broadcast event of Harper. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to enhance the interactivity of the session.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-27 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Uzma Alam whose telephone number is (571) 272-3995. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Tuesday 5:30 AM - 2:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Uzma Alam Ua May 8, 2006

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